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## BIVARIATE $\lambda$ - BERNSTEIN TYPE OPERATORS VIA (p,q)-CALCULUS

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**Abstract.** In this paper we have established an extension of the bivariate generalization of the (p,q)-Bernstein type operators involving parameter  $\lambda$ . We have gave some inequalities for the operators by means of partial and full modulus of continuity and obtain a Lipschitz type theorem.

## 1. Introduction

Let  $h \in C(S)$  with S = [0, 1],  $\lambda \in [-1, 1]$  and  $m_1 \in \mathbb{N}$ . In 2018, Cai et al. [16] proposed a new generalization of Bernstein operators based on a fixed real parameter  $\lambda \in [-1, 1]$  as

$$\mathcal{B}_{m_1}^{\lambda}(h; y_2) = \sum_{k=0}^{m_1} \overline{\Omega}_{m_1,k}^{(\lambda)}(y_2) h\left(\frac{k}{m_1}\right), \quad x \in S$$
(1.1)

where the basis functions  $\overline{\Omega}_{m_1,k}^{(\lambda)}(y_2)$  are defined as:

$$\overline{\Omega}_{m_{1},0}^{(\lambda)}(y_{2}) = \Omega_{m_{1},0}(y_{2}) - \frac{\lambda}{m_{1}+1}\Omega_{m_{1}+1,1}(y_{2}) 
\overline{\Omega}_{m_{1},k}^{(\lambda)}(y_{2}) = \Omega_{m_{1},k}(y_{2}) + \lambda \left(\frac{m_{1}-2j+1}{m_{1}^{2}-1}\Omega_{m_{1}+1,k}(y_{2}) - \frac{m_{1}-2j-1}{m_{1}^{2}-1}\Omega_{m_{1}+1,k+1}(y_{2})\right), 
1 \le k \le m_{1}-1 
\overline{\Omega}_{m_{1},m_{1}}^{(\lambda)}(y_{2}) = \Omega_{m_{1},m_{1}}(y_{2}) - \frac{\lambda}{m_{1}+1}\Omega_{m_{1}+1,m_{1}}(y_{2}),$$
(1.2)

The authors have studied the established of some Korovkin type approximation properties and the degree of approximation by means of the modulus of continuity,

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